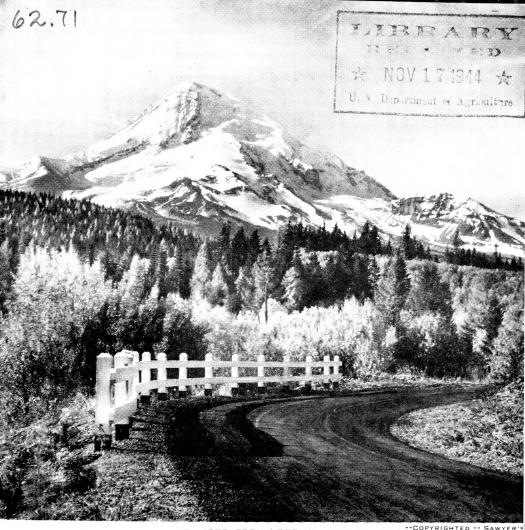
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MT. HOOD FROM LOOP HIGHWAY

# SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY

SPRING 1945 FALL 1944

Wholesale

141 S. E. 65TH AVENUE PORTLAND 16, DREGON

EVERGREENS - - - Propagators and Growers

#### TERMS AND INFORMATION

THE SHERWOOD NURSERY CO. are leading propagators and growers of conifers and broad leaved evergreens. Plants can be shipped from our nursery from about October 1, throughout the fall, winter and spring to about May 1. Earlier shipment than May is advised for most varieties.

#### TERMS:

Our terms are net cash. Note carefully the following conditions:

- 1. We pay shipping costs on lining out stock to all points in the United States, Canada and Alaska. (Lining out stock for this purpose may be defined as any stock not listed as B&B, specimen, or BR but not including Crimson Thyme, which is not classified as lining out stock).
- 2. We will reserve stock for future fall or spring delivery when at least one-fourth of the purchase price accompanies the order. Balance C.O.D.
- 3. At least one-fourth of the purchase price must accompany all lining out orders. Balance C.O.D. Payment in full required on all B&B shipments.
- 4. The prices quoted are net cash prices but five per cent discount will be deducted from the list price of all lining out stock when delivery is made at our nursery.

Prices on our B&B stock are F.O.B. at our Portland Nursery.

Positively no order for lining out stock will be accepted for less than 25 plants of the same size and variety.

Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 lots apply to one size and one variety only.

We reserve the right to substitute grades when necessary and the difference is not too great.

Five plants of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped. BR signifies Bare Roots.

5. The prices quoted herein will hold throughout the coming nursery year.

#### PACKING:

No packing charge.

Many small balled grades can be shipped safely, packed BR (Bare Roots) in moss thereby cutting down shipping costs. Where this can be done we have so indicated.

Our method of packing insures the arrival of plants in perfect condition at any place in the United States, Canada and Alaska.

#### RESPONSIBILITY:

All the stock offered by this Company is grown out of doors and in their own fields with the greatest care and packed in like manner, and we make no guarantee, either expressed or implied, that the plants will grow or give specific results. All shipments are at the risk of purchaser after being delivered to the carrier in good condition. We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should frost, storm, crop failure or other cause result in injury or destruction of stock, or in inability to deliver.

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY 141 S. E. 65th Ave., Portland, Oregon

#### TO REACH PROPAGATING NURSERY:

Drive east on East Burnside to Southeast 73rd Avenue.

Nursery is reached in a fifteen minute drive from the center of city.

General Nursery is located at Sandy, Oregon.

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Sherwood Nursery Company pays all shipping costs on lining out stock to all points in the United States, Canada and Alaska. We pay all packing costs. Our terms are net cash. At least one-fourth of the purchase price must accompany all orders, balance C.O.D. Payment in full required on all B&B and BR shipments.

# GENERAL LIST

Including Conifers and Broad Leaved Evergreens, Decid	uous Shr	ubs and	Rock Pla	nts.
Abelia grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)  Foliage glossy green, flowers white with pink blush.  green. Splendid for foundation and mass plantings. is an attractive shrub both in flower and foliage. After the persistent purplish sepals are still attractive.	Blooms ter the fl	all summ lowers ha	ner and ve fal-	4000
18-24 inches twice transplanted	Each 6 .60 .75	10 \$ 5.40 6.80	100 \$ 49 61	\$
Abelia grandiflora sherwoodi (Sherwood Dwarf Abelia	a)			
A dwarf abelia, not only the plant but the leaves a being about half the size of grandiflora. Flowers p grandiflora. Thick-branching and very compact. A specially where space is a factor, supplying a long felt and has proven a great favorite.	ink and A choice	white, s little pla	ame as ant, es-	
12-24 inches twice transplanted	******		22	176
ABIES (FIRS)				
See also Pseudotsuga and Cunni	nghami	a		
Abies balsamea (Balsam Fir)  A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has aromatic properties and believed by some to possess mare short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.				
A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has aromatic properties and believed by some to possess m are short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.  6-12 inches once transplanted	edicinal	value.	Needles	80
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A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has aromatic properties and believed by some to possess m are short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.  6-12 inches once transplanted	edicinal	value.	Needles 10 14	112
A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has aromatic properties and believed by some to possess mare short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.  6-12 inches once transplanted	n foliage	value.	Needles  10 14 16  s great with its cations.	112 128
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A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has aromatic properties and believed by some to possess mare short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.  6-12 inches once transplanted	n foliage	e. It ha	Needles  10 14 16  s great with its cations.	112 128 56 80
A conifer of symmetrical, pyramidal growth. Has aromatic properties and believed by some to possess m are short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.  6-12 inches once transplanted	n foliage	e. It hambined value.	Needles 10 14 16 s great vith its cations. 7 10 49 61	112 128
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Abies nobilis (Noble Fir)	
4- 6 inches not transplanted	1000 56 80
Ajuga reptans rubra (Purpleleaf Bugle)	
A worthy rock plant and ground cover. Has a rich green, slightly bronzed foliage, which is heavy and cleaves close to the ground. The blue flower spikes are 6 inches tall, are numerous and appear in the spring. There is the impression of pleasing and perfect harmony between blossoms and foliage. Evergreen.	
1 year plants 5	40
Arborvitae—See Thuja	
Arstostaphylos patula (Greenleaf Manzanita)	
An irregularly branched, yet nicely rounded and shapely broad leaved ever- green. Height 2 to 4 feet. Needs little pruning as the natural growth gives the impression of tailored shrub. The bark of the stems is smooth, rich brown and mahogany in color. The leaves are about 1 inch in diameter, almost perfectly round, and have a delightful appearance of freshness summer and winter. Is most impressive when it grows in masses, as it grows on the slopes of the Oregon mountains where it is native. Leaves retain their refreshing verdant greenness under exceedingly dry and trying conditions. Here is a shrub of great beauty, and one which survives great extremes of heat, cold and drought without injury.	
74 P 74 P 75 P 75 P 75 P 75 P 75 P 75 P	
Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Kinnikinnick)	
Sometimes called Bearberry. Uva, Latin for grape, ursi for bear. A lovely low trailing evergreen, flourishing in a wide range of latitude and altitude. In Oregon it is at home from the splash of the waves of the Pacific to timberline in the Cascade mountains. Withstands almost any degree of cold. Has large red berries, roundish glossy leaves and grows in thick masses, completely covering the ground, rocks, walls or old logs over which it trails. Exempt from pests, good the year round and in every respect decidedly pleasing and satisfying. Considered by some to be the best ground cover known.	100
6-12 inches once transplanted (trimmed)	120 160
AUCUBAS	
Aucuba japonica (Greenleaf Aucuba) (Female)	
Foliage large and glossy, solid deep green. All female aucubas bear large clusters of brilliant red berries when planted with pollenizers. All aucubas are shade loving plants.	
6-12 inches once transplanted	

#### Aucuba japonica (Greenleaf Aucuba) (Pollenizers)

Male plants. Aucubas seldom bear berries unless pollenizers are planted with them. The large red berries are one of the attractive features of Aucubas and it is therefore essential to plant the pollenizers. The foliage is fine solid deep

green.	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 8	\$
6-12""			10	*******
3- 4 feet three times transplanted (Heavy)B&B	2.75	25.00		******
4-5 " " " B&B	3.25	29.00		

## Aucuba japonica nana (Dwarf Aucuba) (Female)

This is a dwarf form with lustrous green leaves and a profusion of bright scarlet berries borne in clusters making a combination of surpassing beauty. Appeals to everyone. Hardy at Ogden, Utah. Comparatively new and rare, but certain to find a place in many gardens. Like the other Aucubas, it is dioecious and the male plants must be planted with the females to produce fruit.

4- 6	inches	once	transplanted	1				8	64
6-12	"	,,,					******	10	80
6-12	inches	twice	transplante	°d				11	
12-18	"	"						16	128
8-10	inches	twice	transplanted	dE	&B	.50	4.50	41	
10-12	"	,,	···············	B	&B	.60	5.40	49	
12-15	"	,,	,,,	B	$\&\mathrm{B}$	.75	6.80		
The a	bove B	&B or	ades can be	handled have roots	If so	ordered	deduct 10	cents ner	nlant

The above two grades are fine extra heavy specimens well berried.

## Aucuba japonica variegata (Golddust Aucuba) (Female)

Leaves large, glossy, dark green splashed with gold. Hardy and resistant to smoke and dust. The variegated foliage gives this plant a bright cheerful aspect and since it thrives best in deep shade it is a most useful evergreen for brightening dark, shady corners difficult to landscape. Grows 5 to 6 feet tall.

#### AZALEAS

#### Azalea amoena coccinea

A splendid dwarf evergreen azalea. Foliage dark, glossy, compact. Flowers bright red completely covering the plant. A wonderful addition to our broad leaf evergreens. It is similar to the hinodegiri crimson azalea but very much hardier.

8-10	inches	twice	transplanted.	B&B	.60	5.40	49	*******
				B&B		6.80	61	
12-15	"	,,,	,,,	B&B	.90	8.10	73	******

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

## Azalea hinodegiri (Crimson Azalea from Cuttings)

Dwarf, very compact, evergreen azalea. Heavy glossy foliage, hardy in western Oregon. When in bloom the plant is completely covered with bright red flowers, so that the foliage is hidden. One of the most showy and one of the most popular dwarf ornamental shrubs.

4- 6 inches once transplanted		*******	15	120
6-10'			20	160
4- 6 inches twice transplantedB&B	.40	3.60	32	
6- 8"B&B	.50	4.50	41	*******

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

A I			10	11.
Azalea	hinod	legiri	Seed	llinasi

The seedlings come in many variations of color which are a pleasing surprise and give variety to home and other plantings. In other respects the seedlings possess the essential characteristics of the crimson hinodegiri.

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 80
6-10""			15	120

#### Azalea macrantha

Compact, low growing with dark evergreen foliage. A very profuse blossomer and one of the latest, thus extending the azalea season. Flowers red salmon.

4- 6 inches once transplanted	 	15	
6-8""	 	18	
8-10""		20	

#### **Azalea mollis** (Chinese Azalea)

Very hardy. Blooms before leafing. Foliage bright green and attractive, turning to gorgeous shades of bronze and red in the fall. Flowers are large and borne in great profusion. It has an irresistible appeal and is a great favorite to all who know it. Its plantings cannot be overdone. We are offering a choice lot of plants chiefly in the popular shades of salmon and orange.

ing a choice lot of plants chiefly in the popular shades of salmon and ora	inge.	
2- 4 inches once transplanted	7	56
4- 8"	10	80
8-12"	15	120
4- 8 inches once transplanted with one to four flower buds	18	144
8-12 inches once transplanted with one to four flower buds	21	168
8-12 inches twice transplanted with one or more flower buds	35	315
12-15 inches twice transplanted with one or more flower buds	45	405
The above two grades are heavy field grown plants but not quite strong classed as specimens. They are ideal for the mail order trade.	enough	to be
9-12 inches twice transplantedB&B .65 5.90	53	

The above two grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

#### Azalea occidentalis (Western Azalea)

Native of Oregon. Tall, strong growing shrub, reaching a height of 6 feet or more and spread of the same. Blooms profusely in the spring with deliciously fragrant, white, pink-tinted flowers. Is one of the attractions of the coastal highways of Oregon in the blossoming season.

4- 6	inches	once	transplanted		*		8	64
6-12	"	"				*	14	112
12-15	inches	twice	transplanted	B&B	.75	6.80	61	*******
15-18	,	,,,		B&B	.90	8.10		

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

#### Azalea sherwoodi (Sherwood Orchid Azalea)

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. It has been awarded a prize in a rare plant exhibit. We have been developing and trying it out for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention from visitors. Foliage about the size and gloss of the Hinodegiri Crimson Azalea, but the plant is somewhat hardier than the hinodegiri. Flowers are a clear lavender with speckled throat, completely cover the plant, and are large for a dwarf azalea. This evergreen fills the need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden. Mass plantings in gardens or on slopes and terraces are unexcelled.

4- 6 inches once transplanted			15	120
6-12""		*******	20	160
6- 8 inches twice transplantedB&B	.50	4.50	41	
8-10"B&B	.60	5.40	49	

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

Barberry—See Berberis

Bearberry—See Arctostaphylos

Beargrass—See Xerophyllum

## BERBERIS (BARBERRIES)

#### Berberis darwini (Darwin Barberry)

A native of South America from Chili to Patagonia. Evergreen, reaching a height of about 3 feet. Foliage is deep green, glossy, and compact, and the small, neat leaves are serrated and holly-like. In early spring the plant is a gorgeous mass of tiny, bright, orange-colored flowers. Very decorative.

#### Berberis dulcis nana

Often called Dwarf Box Barberry. Foliage deep green, compact. Hardy evergreen with orange flowers. One of the best low hedge and border plants. Height 18 inches to 2 feet.

6- 8 inches twice transplanted.......B&B .40 3.60 32 ....... The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant,

#### Berberis gracilis

A low growing, well formed and gracefully spreading evergreen shrub. Height 2 to 3 feet. Has small, slender, three pronged, hollylike leaves, which are deep green and glossy. Yellow flowers. Very hardy and one of the best of the dwarf barberries.

12-15 inches twice transplanted.......B&B .60 5.40 49 ....

## Berberis julianae (Wintergreen Barberry)

One of the best upright barberries. The leaves are large, foliage heavy and the thorns which are long and sharp, are well hidden by the foliage. Some of the leaves remain green through the winter, others turn brilliant scarlet and are mingled among the green leaves in the fall and winter in a most showy and attractive manner.

 18-24 inches twice transplanted
 B&B
 .80
 7.20
 65

 2- 3 feet twice transplanted
 B&B
 1.00
 9.00
 81

#### Berberis verruculosa

Height 3 to 4 feet. One of the new introductions from Western China. The small glossy leaves form a mass of dark evergreen foliage, which turns to a gorgeous red in colder climates. Flowers golden yellow. Flourishes in heat or cold, and is one of the hardiest and best of barberries.

 12-15 inches twice transplanted
 B&B
 .65
 5.90
 53

 15-18
 .....
 .....
 B&B
 .80
 7.20
 65

#### Boxwood—See Buxus

Broom—See Cytisus, Genista or Spartium

Bugle—See Ajuga

## BUXUS (BOXWOODS)

Buxus sempervirens arborescens (Truetree Box)	
Sempervirens, Latin for evergreen. Small, deep green, glossy foliage. Rather rapid growing. An excellent and a favorite hedge plant. Also often used	1000
for topiary work. Each 10 100 4- 6 inches once transplanted	1000 \$ 48
6-10"	64
30-36 inches three times transplantedB&B 1.00 9.00	******
The above B&B grade can be shipped bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents pe	r plant.
Buxus sempervirens aureo-variegata (Golden Box)	
A bright, cheerful little dwarf with beautiful golden, variegated foliage. Hardy, of slow compact growth, and does best in shaded locations, where the variegation is most pronounced. One of the attractive broad leaved evergreens.	
4- 6 inches once transplanted	*******
6-12"" 10 6-10 inches twice transplanted	
The above B&B grade can be shipped bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents pe	
Buxus sempervirens suffruticosa (Truedwarf Box)  Dwarf, slow growing. Foliage fine, deep green, dense. The well known evergreen edging plant. One of the best of all plants for formal borders.	•
2- 4 inches once transplanted	64
4- 6"	80
Buxus sempervirens suff. albo-marginata (Silveredge Dwarf Box)  Has all the characteristics of the true dwarf box, hardy, dwarf, compact, symmetrical. Presents a pleasing silvery appearance due to the variegated foliage.	
4- 6 inches once transplanted	56
6-12" 10 12 15" 12	80 96
	, ,
CALLUNA (HEATHERS)	
See also Erica, Daboecia, Cassiope	
Calluna vulgaris alba (White Scotch Heather)	
Similar to Red Heather but with white blooms. Foliage is dark green and the	
blossoms are of snowy whiteness. Grows to a height of 18 inches and is very hardy. Like the other varieties of calluna is a mid summer bloomer. Calluna, Greek, to sweep.	
8-10 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	******
10-12"""	*******
12-13	****
Calluna vulgaris aurea (Golden Heather)	
Possesses fine golden foliage that heads up in many of the stems in moss like clusters. During the fall and winter the foliage takes on beautiful tinges of red which are intermingled with green and gold. The multitude of flowers are in soft pleasing lavender shades. These blend with the green and gold of the foliage in producing one of nature's daintiest and most charming color	
effects. Appeals to all who see it. Hardy, new. Height about 18 inches.	
effects. Appeals to all who see it. Hardy, new. Height about 18 inches.  6-12 inches once transplanted	80 96

Calluna vulgaris pygmaea (Moss Heather)  Dwarf evergreen heather, attaining a height of 8 inc	hes. Fo	lione don		
		mage dar	k green.	
dainty. Flowers lavender. Gem for the rockery.	Each	10	100	1
6- 8 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$
4- 6 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	.25	2.30	20	Ψ
6- 8""""	.30	2.70	23	
12-15"	.65	5.90		
12 17				
Calluna vulgaris rubra (Red Heather)  The Red Heather has become one of the popular g in bloom there is nothing visible but the blossoms, w red. It is a brilliant display of flowering beauty and grows about 18 inches tall. Its blooms are espe a season when there is but little competition in blossom.	hich are in mid-s cially we	<b>a rich, p</b> summer. elcome co	ourplish- Hardy, oming at	
12-15 inches once transplanted			12	
12-15 inches twice transplanted—heavy			25	
Cassiope mertensiana (White Mountain Heather) Cassiope, Greek mythological name. This is one of Cascade mountains and is seldom found in nurs numerous, densely clothed with scale-like foliage. Fl and white. Good for rockeries. Extremely hardy 12 inches. Slow grower. Enjoys shade and dampne	eries. E lowers nu and rare	Branches imerous,	slender, nodding ht about	
2- 4 inches once transplanted			9	
4- 6""		******	10	
but not too much so. The branches are arranged needles are a soft, velvety blue of thrilling color effe is a favorite in landscaping parks, cemeteries, mem grounds and all kinds of public situations, and for sp grounds it has few if any superiors. It is a long-l mum care.  4- 5 feet four times transplanted	ect. The socials, capeciment ived tree 6.75 8.25 9.75	Blue Atla pital and planting e requirin	as Cedar d college of home	
CHAMAECYPARIS				
	v hahit i	of growt	ortunate,	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)  A conifer of most satisfying effect, both in stately limbs and graceful foliage. Not hardy in areas of exindeed, are localities which can grow this handsor grown in somewhat open or well spaced rows, at grown as single specimens, needing no supporting beauty. Native of the Oregon coast.  18-24 inches twice transplanted	streme come tree. and is equiplenting .80 1.00	old, but for It is find ually good ges to end 9.20 9.00	od when nance its  65 81	
A conifer of most satisfying effect, both in stately limbs and graceful foliage. Not hardy in areas of exindeed, are localities which can grow this handsor grown in somewhat open or well spaced rows, at grown as single specimens, needing no supporting beauty. Native of the Oregon coast.  18-24 inches twice transplanted	streme co ne tree. nd is equ planting .80	old, but for It is find ually good ges to enh	od when nance its	
A conifer of most satisfying effect, both in stately limbs and graceful foliage. Not hardy in areas of exindeed, are localities which can grow this handsor grown in somewhat open or well spaced rows, at grown as single specimens, needing no supporting beauty. Native of the Oregon coast.  18-24 inches twice transplanted	are seve	old, but for It is finually googs to enhance 7.20 9.00 13.50 ral. Slere the trunk r and ne sky blue	od when nance its  65 81 122  nder and ok of the eds little or azure	•

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta glauca (Blue Column Cypress) (Alumi)  A cone shaped cypress, erect in growth and with vertical foliage of turquoise	
blue effect. It is a valuable help in landscape plantings, and for that reason is always a popular tree.  Each 10 100	1000
2- 3 feet three times transplantedB&B \$1.00 \$ 9.00 \$	\$
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana fletcheri (Fletcher Cypress)	
A narrow pyramid in form, very neat and tidy. Compact in growth with full soft appearing foliage of blue-green color effect. On account of its erect, close habit of growth it is especially well adapted to small homes and grounds where space must be conserved. It is a tree that is pleasing in every detail.	
2- 3 feet three times transplantedB&B 1.50 13.50 122	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana grandi	
A low flat pyramid, having wonderful green foliage of unusual density. Naturally of shapely form and needing no pruning. Grows to a height of 6 to 8 feet and has a spread considerably broader. Very desirable where neatness and perfection are desired.	
10-12 inches twice transplanted	*********
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana lutea (Golden Lawson Cypress)	
Dense golden cypress. The foliage is very heavy, while the tree itself is a broad symmetrical pyramid, branching close to the ground. A trim, handsome ornamental, giving the impression of an individual well dressed and groomed, and with the minimum amount of attention. Golden color throughout the year. Resembles Westermann Cypress. Height 12 to 15 feet or more.	
12-15 inches three times transplanted       B&B       .75       6.80       61         15-18        "       "       B&B       1.00       9.00       81         18-24        "       "       B&B       1.25       11.20       101         24-30        "       "       B&B       1.50       13.50	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana stewarti (Wintergolden Cypress)	
Rather slender golden tree. Foliage erect with pendulous tips toward the top of the tree. One of the most remarkable and most admired of conifers, always attracting attention. Stately in habit, with green and gold foliage of most effective contrast. Hardy.	
18-24 inches three times transplanted	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana triomphe de boskoop (Triomphe de Boskoop C	ypress)
In color this magnificent tree occupies much the same place in the cypress group that Koster Blue Spruce does in the spruces. Of graceful form and the foliage has a strikingly silvery-blue sheen that makes it outstanding among trees. A rapid grower and perfectly hardy in this climate.	. ,
18-24 inches three times transplanted	
7B&B 14.00  The above three grades are fine extra heavy specimens.	
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana wisseli (Wissel Cypress)	
Has a dark bluish green foliage, growing in twisted tufts or whorls and of upright growth. One of the many beautiful forms of the Lawson Cypress.	
4- 5 feet four times transplanted	*******

16	SHERWOOD NURSERY	CO., Portl	land, Ore	gon		
Cł	amaecyparis nootkatensis glauca (Blue	Alaska Cy	press)			
	A hardy, vigorous tree of broad pyramida It is a rather rapid grower, which comb results sooner than slower growing types. greens and is an excellent subject for spec	al form and ined with : It harmon	heavy b its bold nizes wel	appearanc	e, gives	1000
	4- 5 feet four times transplanted	B&B	\$4.50 5.50	\$41.00 50.00	\$	\$
	, and the second	•			_	
Ch	amaecyparis nootkatensis glauca comp	,			, ,	ess)
	A distinctive form of the Alaska Cypr charming blue-green color. Semi-dwarf, little or no pruning. Hardy and rare. tensively as it becomes known and appre restricted group of trees that retain their care and pruning.	neat and A tree that eciated. It shapely be	conical is certa belongs auty wit	in form in to be u to that so hout cons	needing ised ex- mewhat iderable	
	12-15 inches three times transplanted	B&B	1.25 1.50	11.20 $13.50$	101 122	******
	15-18""	B&B	1.75	15.80		*******
Ch	amaecyparis obtusa crippsi (Cripps Hir	oki Cypre	ess)			
	A very conspicuous and golden type of of 6 to 8 feet. Has fern-like foliage, a partial shade.	Hinoki Cy	press, a			
	15-18 inches three times transplanted		1.00 1.25	9.00 11.20		*******
Ch	amaecyparis pisifera squarrosa nana (D Dwarf, reaching a height of about 2 fe silvery, plume-like effect. It would be low sheared hedges and borders.	et. Soft, h difficult to	eavy, co	mpact fol	iage of ject for	
	8-12 inches twice transplanted			******	15	******
	12-18"""	B&B	1.00	9.00	18 81	*******
	18-24"""	B&B	1.25	11.20	101	
Cis	tus laurifolius (Laurel Rockrose)  Upright shrub, growing to a height of 3 cistus. Has thick, heavy, soft green leave from June to August with waxy, white fl petals are marked with yellow blotches. Rare.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	s usually w owers 2 to Desirable	hitish be 3 inches	neath. It in diamet	blooms er. The	0000000
	15-18"	B&B	.50	4.50	41	******
	18-24""	В&В	.65	5.90	53	******

#### **COTONEASTERS**

## Cotoneaster dammeri (humifusa) (Bearberry Cotoneaster)

A small evergreen creeper often called Cotoneaster humifusa. Bears red berries in profusion. Never grows more than 3 inches high. Fine rockery plant and good for ground covers. It also makes a wonderful wall covering when planted at the top of the wall and allowed to drape downwards. It is one of those delightful trailers, the name humifusa signifying "sprawling on the ground." A native of China, new in American gardens.

4- 6	inches once	transplanted			 7	56
6-12	""	,	****		 10	80
12-18	""	,"		******	 12	*******

Cotoneaster francheti (Franchet Cotoneaster	)				
Generally recognized as one of the most gra- easters. Has pendulous branches, silvery le- red berries in fall and winter. Our cuttin to those grown from seed. Evergreen. Nati	ceful and aves and g growi	l bears a n plants	mass of are far	orange-	
,		Each	10	100	1000
12-18 inches twice transplanted		\$ .35	\$ 3.20	\$ 27	\$
18-24"""	B&B	.65	5.90	53.	
2- 3 feet twice transplanted	В&В	.75	6.80	61	
Cotoneaster horizontalis (Rock Cotoneaster)					
Well known and deservedly a great favorite grow with a pleasing perfection of regular foliage is a good, dark green. Bears masses carried well into the winter. Hardy. Decid	ity, the of red b luous.	leaves a	re small	and the that are	4.0
4- 6 inches not transplanted				6 7	48 56
6-12"""" 12-18"""			•••••	10	80
6-12 inches once transplanted				9	72
12-18"""				11	
Cotoneaster microphylla minor (Dwarf Rocks	pray C	otoneas	ter)		
A delightful little dwarf. Dainty, deep gre ground cover of first rank. Hardy, free fro			, red ber	ries. A	
12-15 inches twice transplanted	B&B	.45	4.10	36	
15-18"	B&B	.60	5.40	49	*******
18-24"""	B&B	.75	6.80	61	*******
Cotoneaster microphylla thymifolia (Thyme R A desirable, low, thick-growing dwarf. Th dainty. Bears red berries and is evergreen work or other plantings where small shrubs	e foliage . Partic	is thym cularly d	e-like, sm		
6-12 inches once transplanted				10	80
				10	80
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf  A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b evergreen.	Cotone h and h d berries	aster) aving g	ters all al	arching	80
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf  A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b	Cotone h and h d berries est of th	aster) aving g	ters all al	arching	80
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf  A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b evergreen.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	Cotone h and h d berries est of thB&B  toneaste ows to a uster an the stems e extensiB&B	aster) aving g s in cluster ne minia .50  rs. It is bout the d in alr. s. A sh:	4.50  evergreesize of from the size of from the size of the size o	arching ong the neasters.  41 en, with ancheti, lievable	
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b evergreen.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	Cotone h and h d berries est of thB&B  stoneaste ows to a uster an the stems e extensiB&B	aster) aving g s in cluster as in cluster .50  rs. It is bout the d in alr s. A shi vely75 .90	4.50  evergreesize of frost unberub which	arching ong the neasters.  41 en, with nancheti, lievable nevery-	
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b evergreen.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	Cotone h and h d berries est of thB&B  toneaster ows to a uster an the stems extensiB&BB&B  Coton eading b been moul and one	aster) aving g s in cluster as	4.50 4.50 evergree size of frost unberub which 8.10 bears clupes at 10,0	arching ong the neasters.  41 en, with ancheti, lievable nevery- 61 73 sters of 0000 feet	
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b evergreen.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	Cotone h and h d berries est of thB&B  toneaste: ows to a uster an the stems extensiB&BB&B  Coton and one	aster) aving g in cluster in minia .50  rs. It is bout the d in alr s. A shi vely75 .90 easter) ranches, ntain slo e of the	4.50  4.50  evergree size of frost unberub which 8.10  bears clupes at 10, doveliest,	arching ong the neasters.  41 en, with ancheti, lievable nevery- 61 73 sters of 0000 feet	
Cotoneaster pannosa nana (Dwarf Silverleaf A dwarf form growing about 2½ feet hig branches. Foliage silvery green. Bright re stem. A delightful gem and one of the b evergreen.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	Cotone h and h d berries est of thB&B  toneaste ows to a uster an the stems e extensiB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&BB&B	aster) aving g s in cluster in minia .50  rs. It is bout the d in alr s. A shi vely75 .90  easter) ranches, ntain slo	4.50 4.50 evergreesize of frost unberub which 6.80 8.10 bears clupes at 10, loveliest,	arching ong the neasters.  41 en, with ancheti, lievable revery- 61 73 sters of 000 feet making	

Cotoneaster rotundifolia (Roundleaf Coto	oneasterl				
·		hus de		n An	
Foliage small, very compact, similar t irregularly shaped evergreen 2 feet hig	th with a spr	ead of 5	to 6 feet	n. An Verv	
hardy. One of the best creeping forms.		Each	10	100	1000
6-12 inches twice transplanted		\$	\$	\$ 10	\$
12-18""			Ψ	15	Ψ
***			*******		
<b>C</b>					
Cryptomeria japonica elegans (Plume Cr	yptomeria)				
A rapid growing tree with dense green					
rich bronzy coloring in winter. Has their best in the young trees. Reaches					
the gardens.	a neight of	10 10 12	, leet of i	noie in	
15-18 inches three times transplanted	D & D	9.0	7.20	65	
18-24"""	R&R	.80 1.00	9.00	81	*
24-30""""	B&B	1.25	11.20	101	
30-36""""	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	*******
Constant to the state of	10	וח	<u> </u>	1	
Cryptomeria japonica elegans compacta					
A green globe shaped tree, of unusua					
effect. Unlike elegans, it is more of					
symmetrical and dense with little or no					
Garden variety of japonica elegans, a r	_	_			
10-12 inches three times transplanted	B&B	.50	4.50	41	
12-15"""""	В&В	.75	6.80	61	
15-18	ВХВ	.90	8.10	******	******
Cunninghamia lanceolata (Chinese Fir)					
A native of China. The needles grow	in two rows	along th	ne stem, a	re lance	
shaped, flat, very pointed and attain	a length of	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to	2½ inche	s. The	
foliage is green and bronze and the g					
are familiar. An irregular pyramid, a	n aristocrat.	Especial	lly good fo	or large	
plantings. Hardy.					
18-24 inches three times transplanted		1.00	9.00		*******
24-30""""	В&В	1.25	11.20	*******	*******
Cypress—See Chamaecyparis					
CYTISUS	(BROOMS)				
		1:			
See also Genis	ita and Spar	tium			
Cytique do aumbone (Prostrato Broom)					
Cytisus decumbens (Prostrate Broom)					
A creeping broom with tiny, brilliant					
symmetrical, 15 inches tall and with a	spread of 3 f	eet. Ne	atly decor	ative in	
flower and foliage and distinctly out of		in broom	ms. Hard	y.	
12-15 inches once transplanted				10	******
12-18 inches twice transplanted	***************************************	******		12	96
Cytisus multiflorus (White Spanish Broom	m)				
Shrub to 6 feet with slender, erect bra	,	ers are	white wit	h eliabe	
blush. Blossoms in May and June.	anenes, Fiow	cis aid	WILLE WIL	m sugnt	
5- 6 feet four times transplanted	R&R	2.75			
		4.13	******		******
These are fine extra heavy specimens.					

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Port	land, Ore	gon		19
Cytisus purpureus (Purple Broom)				
A dwarf procumbent shrub, growing to 2 feet and flowers in profusion. Well leaved making it at blossom. A plant that is new and decidedly differe of south Austria and northern Italy. One of the h	tractive i nt among	n both le	eaf and Native	
mass plantings. 12-18 inches once transplanted	Each	10	100 \$ 12	1000
18-24"""	\$	\$	φ 12 15	\$ 96 120
12-18 inches twice transplanted		•••••	15	120
18-24""" 12-18 inches twice transplanted	4.0	2.60	18	144
18-24"	.40 .50	3.60 4.50	32 41	
24-30"	.65	5.90	53	*******
The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so	ordered	deduct 10	cents pe	r plant.
Cytisus scoparius andreanus (Paradise Broom)				
An erect, rapid growing shrub with many long sl in appearance. Hardy evergreen, profuse bloomer				
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	.40	3.60	32	
Cutton (D. 11 D. 1 L. D. )				
Cytisus scoparius (Borsch's Prostrate Broom)				
Grows about 3 feet tall with a spread of 6 to 8 feet for bank plantings. Foliage is dense. Flowers are co- ing of bright garnet red, rose and ivory. The color flecked with garnet. A most profuse bloomer an Hardy.	of tri-colo effect at	r effect in a distance	n blend- e is rose	
2- 3 feet spread twice transplantedB&B	.65	5.90	53	
3- 4	.80	7.20	65	
Cytisus scoparius (Burkwood)				
Flowers are red with some bronze and pink mixed yellow and the general effect is dark red. Bushy ero Hardy. Of English origin.				
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	.40	3.60	32	
Cytisus scoparius (California)				
Flowers are large, foliage extra good. There is a crimson, cream and rose in the flowers, which are wopen branches. The flowers are lighter than Dorot color effect is distinctly pink.	ell displa	yed on so	mewhat	
2- 3 feet three times transplanted	.65 2.50	5.90		
The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy sp		*******	*******	*******
Cytisus scoparius (Dorothy Walpole)				
The flowers are tri-colored, well marked with crim	son with	rosy crea	m back-	
ground, giving a rich maroon effect from a distant mixed all through, and the branches are full flowe little smaller than other fancy brooms but are the d is well branched and sturdy, denser and more dwa brooms and one of the most popular. Of English	ce. Color red to tip eepest col arf than a	s are cha s. Flowe ored of a nost of th	rmingly rs are a ll. Plant ne fancy	

12-18 inches twice transplanted BR specimens..... .40 3.60 32 4- 5 feet four times transplanted......B&B 2.50 ..... The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.

4 to 5 feet.

20 SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon	
Cytisus scoparius (Lord Lambourne)	
A profuse bloomer in a striking combination of cream and crimson. Blooms are good size and branches well filled out. Showy, popular type. Plants are bushy and strong. Of English origin. Hardy evergreen. Height 8 to 10 feet.  Each 10 100	1000
4- 5 feet four times transplantedB&B \$2.50 \$ \$	\$
The above plants are fine extra heavy specimens.	
Cytisus scoparius (Marie Burkwood)	
Tri-color flowers in gold, rose and scarlet, beautifully blended and attractive in every detail. Like the other fancy brooms, a detailed analysis of the flowers seems only to detract from the general effect of superb loveliness possessed by the masses of shapely flowers. The Marie Burkwood is one of this class. Hardy.	
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	
Cytisus scoparius newreyensis	
Flowers appear in pastel shades of cream and magenta. Not as showy as some but adds variety. Grows to a height of 4 to 5 feet with a spread of 5 to 6 feet. Foliage very fine. Blooms a little later. Rare.	
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	
Cytisus scoparius (Pomona)	
The blossoms are tri-colored in which scarlet red is outstanding, but is richly interspersed all through with splashes and dashes of cream and light gold giving a rich pink effect. The graceful pendulous branches are blossom laden to the extreme tips and the delicate foliage is soft and velvety. The whole effect of plant and flower is one of brilliant cheerfulness and rich individuality. Height 4 to 5 feet. Hardy. There is no better broom than Pomona.	
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	
Cytisus scoparius (San Francisco)	
The flowers are large and abundant in most pleasing shades of rose and cardinal but the outstanding effect is deep red. Bright and colorful. It is the equal of any and excells in brilliancy. The plant is a good strong grower. Hardy. Height 6 to 8 feet.	
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	*******
Cytisus scoparius (Stanford)	
Fancy broom of outstanding loveliness. Tri-color effect in which there is a perfect, artistic blending and richness of coloring in crimson, cream and gold. Flowers are large and are produced in graceful profusion over the whole plant. Plant is sturdy and dense, foliage velvety. Hardy. Height 12 to 15 feet.  5- 6 feet four times transplanted	<del></del>
Cytisus scoparius (St. Marys)	
Flowers are large, clear, creamy white in color and well distributed along the branches. Plant is of rather symmetrical growth, strong and vigorous. For purity of color St. Marys stands alone. Hardy. Height 6 feet.	
2- 3 feet three times transplanted	*******
The plants in the above grade are fine extra heavy specimens.	

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72

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon						
Daboecia polifolia (Swedish Bell Heather)						
The plant, flowers and foliage are smaller and the flo	owers a	deeper pi	nk than			
Irish Bell Heather. Flowers are in racemes, are small						
Height 12 to 15 inches, spread 18 inches. Blooms in	July and	l August.	Hardy			
evergreen.	Each	10	100	1000		
	\$	\$	\$ 9	\$ 72		
15-18 inches twice transplantedB&B	.65	5.90				
Paboecia polifolia alba (White Irish Bell Heather)						
Similar to the rosea, but having nodding flowers of	purest w	hite, res	embling			
Lily of the Valley in form and size. Has bright gr						
inches, spread 2 feet. Beautiful hardy evergreen. Ra	are.	0				
6-12 inches once transplanted			9	72		
10-12 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	.35	3.20	27	*****		
	.45	4.10	36	*****		
Paboecia polifolia rosea (Pink Irish Bell Heather)						
A splendid dwarf evergreen growing 2 feet high.	Foliage	fine, dar	k green			
above, silvery beneath. The flowers are abundant, ros						
little bells nodding from the tips of slender, erect ster						
dwarf shrubs which starts blooming in spring a						
until cold weather. Very desirable for borders, rocke	ries and	masses.	Hardy			
and new.						
6- 8 inches twice transplanted BR specimens8-10""""	.30	2.70	23			
8-10"	.35	3.20	27	*******		
10-12"	.50	4.50	41			
40 4 # 27 27 27 DAD	.55	5.00	45			
10-12       "       "       B&B         12-15       "       "       B&B         15-18       "       "       B&B	.65	5.90				

Elaeagnus pungens reflexa (Bronze Elaeagnus)

The upper side of the leaf is very dark green and glossy, while in contrast, the under side is russet gold, producing a most pleasing effect when the leaves are shaken by the wind. It is a large growing shrub or small tree. Hardy evergreen.

6-12 inches once transplanted		******	10	80
12-18"""			12	96
2-3 feet twice transplanted B&B	.75	6.80		

## **ERICA (HEATHS)** See also Calluna, Daboecia, Cassiope

## Erica carnea sherwoodi (Sherwood Creeping Heath)

Low growing heath with brilliantly green foliage. Blooms very profusely in late winter and spring. Flowers bright carmine red. Perfectly hardy. Splendid new evergreen. Height 6 inches. Has the habit of rooting along the stems thereby spreading almost indefinitely in a very satisfactory manner.

4- 6 inches twice transplanted BR specimens..... .25 2.30 20

## Erica hybrida (Dawn)

One of the attractive new evergreens. Height about 18 inches, foliage soft, thick, and much branched. The flowers are large, clustered pink bells. It stays in bloom all summer. Hardy, very rare. This variety is a real gem and merits the attention given it. It possesses unusual delicacy, both in foliage and blossoms.

6-12 inches once transplanted.....

Erica mediterranea maxima	
An upright heather to 4 or 5 feet. Vigorous grower with fine, very det dark green foliage and producing a wealth of lovely purple tinted flower In general characteristics it might be thought of as a tall erect form of Dark Heath. Fits well into average plantings. Hardy. Blooms from Christmas late spring. A gorgeous plant when in bloom and always attractive in foliate the spring of the spring of the spring of the spring.	ers. ley to
	49 \$
Erica stricta (Corsican Heath) Grows 3 to 4 feet high. Has lavender bloom in mid-summer and fine, den bright green foliage. Native of Corsica. One of the hardiest of the heat A good landscape subject. It is excellent for use where masses of foliage a desired, and for low sheared hedges it has but few equals.	hs.
12-15 inches once transplanted	12 96
A rather low growing evergreen shrub, having small, bright glossy lear with gently serrated edges. Pleasingly fragrant both in flower and folia The blossoms, which are produced in clusters, are deep shell pink and be shaped. A good addition to the garden.	ge.
	49
2- 3 feet twice transplantedB&B .75 6.80	61
EUONYMUS	
Euonymus japonicus (Evergreen Euonymus)	
Broad leaf evergreen with glossy leaves of a very dark green. Rapid, upri growing shrub, reaching a height of 6 to 8 feet. Its value is in its foliage	e.
8-12 inches twice transplanted	12 96
Euonymus japonicus medio-pictus (Yelloweye Euonymus)	
Hardy evergreen shrub 5 to 6 feet. Upright growing. Leaves are variegat medium size and glossy with green edges and having a bright golden spot eye in the center that is attractive. Comparatively rare and possessing fornamental qualities.	tor
6-12 inches twice transplanted	11
10-12 inches twice transplanted	32 41
The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cen	
	1 1
Euonymus patens (Spreading Euonymus)  A low spreading or climbing shrub, reaching a height of 10 feet. The low branches are sometimes procumbent and rooting. Handsome evergreen folial Hardy as far north as Vermont.	wer ige.
12-18 inches once transplanted	9
12-15 inches twice transplanted	32
The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cen	ts per plant.
Euonymus radicans (Wintercreeper)  Low procumbent shrub. May be trailing and rooting or climbing branch sometimes reaching a height of several feet. The rich green foliage is carriall winter. It is at its best when planted against a wall or building wher will climb for several feet and grow in decorative beauty year by year. belongs to a class of very worthy shrubs. Hardy evergreen.	ried
6-12 inches once transplanted	7 56
12-18"	9 72

SHERWOOD NORSERT CO., Fortland, Oregon	43
Euonymus radicans carrierei (Glossy Wintercreeper)	
Similar to radicans. Low with ascending and spreading branches. Hardy.	
Each 10 100 5-12 inches once transplanted \$ 7	1000 \$ 56
12-18"	72
•	*******
Euonymus radicans coloratus (Purple leaf Wintercreeper)  A trailing evergreen form of unsurpassed merit. Can be used effectively as a	
ground cover, or to train against walls or rocks in natural beauty. The foliage which is always good is at the height of its glory when in the autumn it takes on the rich colorings of red and bronze that are carried through the winter.  12-24 inches once transplanted	72
12-24 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	
Euonymus radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Wintercreeper)	
A larger type of radicans. The leaves which possess the same dark, rich green color, are of profuse growth and larger than those of radicans. The plant grows to a height of about 3 feet and attains a spread of 5 feet or more. Very hardy.	
12-18 inches once transplanted	72
Euonymus radicans vegetus argenteo-marginatus (Variegated Bigleaf	
Wintercreeper)  Much the same as the Silveredge Wintercreeper but larger and more spreading and with larger leaves which take on charming tints of red and pink that are a delight in the winter season. Foliage dense. Height about 2½ feet, spread 4 feet or more. Shade loving evergreen.  6-12 inches twice transplanted	80
Fatshedera lizei	00
An evergreen shrub growing to a height of 6 feet although it will reach a height of 12 feet or more when trained against a wall or lattice. A cross between Fatsia and English Ivy, it has large glossy leaves of charming deep green color. A plant of rare and fine characteristics especially attractive in patios or about pergolas.  12-18 inches once transplanted	
18-24""	
15-18"	
The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per	plant.
Fir—See Abies, Pseudotsuga, Cunninghamia	
Firethorn—See Pyracantha	
GENISTA (BROOMS)	
See also Cytisus and Spartium	
Genista aetnensis (Aetna Broom) Grows to a height of 4 to 6 feet with slender, nearly leafless branches. Flowers are yellow and fragrant. Blooms June and July. Native of Sicily and Sardinia.  12-24 inches not transplanted	64
	0,7
Genista germanica (German Broom)  Grows with stiff upright branches and is very spiny. Has yellow flowers, reaches a height of 3 feet. Native of central and south Europe.	
18-24 inches once transplanted	96

Genista hispanica (Spanish Broom)	
Sometimes called Spanish Gorse. Exceedingly dense rounded evergreen about 2 feet high spreading 3 to 4 feet. Shapely and attractive in the flower and in the foliage which conceals numerous thin sharp spines. Like the tiger's velvety paw, the fine foliage completely conceals the ferocious claws hidden underneath. Hardy and has unexcelled merit for special plantings. A splendid shrub.	1000
8-12 inches once transplanted	1000 \$ 80
The above grade is composed of fine extra heavy specimens.	***************************************
Genista pilosa (Silkyleaf Broom)	
Dwarf, procumbent creeping broom. Neat, tidy, slow-growing and evergreen. Makes one of the most compact and complete ground covers imaginable. Reaches a height of only about 3 inches. Has small yellow flowers and small foliage. Blooms May to July. Besides its numerous other points of merit, it is very hardy. Native central and southern Europe and western Asia.	
8-12 inches once transplanted	72
Genista prostata	
The densest and most compact of all creeping brooms. Grows to a height of 18 inches and so completely covers the ground that weeds cannot come through. Branches are small, gracefully fall over the ground, taking root, and so the plant spreads in a solid mass. Remarkably good for covering banks or slopes. Flowers are yellow and plentiful, and the foliage is fine green at all seasons.	
12-18 inches once transplanted	80
Genista radiata	
1 to 2 feet in height with flowers of deep yellow. A rounded shrub with odd habit of growth in that the branches radiate at right angles in all directions from the main stem.	
30-36 inches spread three times transplantedB&B 2.00	
These are fine extra heavy specimens.	
Genista sagittalis	
A creeping broom reaching a height of not more than 6 inches. Has a profusion of yellow flowers on vertical stems. Stems are flattened and twisted. Always attracts interest and attention, being unique among brooms. Hardiest of all creeping brooms. Excellent ground cover making a dense evergreen mat 2 to 3 feet in diameter. Native of western Asia.	
6-12 inches once transplanted	72
Genista tinctoria flora plena	
Low growing, height about 12 inches, but reaching a spread of 2 to 3 feet. Extremely colorful when in bloom, the foliage being entirely hidden by clustered golden yellow flower heads, standing 5 to 6 inches above the plant. The most profuse bloomer of all brooms. Hardy.	
6-12 inches once transplanted	72
12-18 inches twice transplanted       12         24-30 inches twice transplanted       B&B       1.25       11.20	

## Gentiana acaulis clusi (Clusius Stemless Gentian)

Small evergreen plants growing 2 to 3 inches high and 6 to 8 inches across. They are covered with enormous, short stemmed, trumpet shaped flowers, 2½ inches or more in length, of the marvelous deep, pure, gentian blue which has no equal in coloring in the entire flower kingdom. Single plants often produce 12 or 15 of the enormous flowers at one time. Plants bloom heavily in the spring and continue blooming less abundantly throughout the season. No small evergreen grows of more charm than the Gentian. Perfectly hardy.

#### Germander—See Teucrium

#### Heath—See Erica

Heather—See Erica, Calluna, Daboecia, Cassiope

## HEDERA (IVIES)

## Hedera helix (English Ivy)

The well known, long lived, high climbing or creeping evergreen vine, a very variable species, of which more than 60 varieties are cultivated in European gardens. The Ivy is native in Europe, Africa and Asia. The type which we are offering is the standard variety and the one which is much grown in city parks and in estates. It has few peers for covering extensive slopes, banks or steep terraces in either sun or shade.

2 yr. once transplanted...... 10 80

## Hedera helix arborescens (Bush English Ivy)

A broad leaved evergreen, with every appearance of ivy in bush form, but often having the ivy-like leaves twisted and contorted in an interesting manner. Does well in sun or shade. Reaches a height of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet and spread of 4 feet. Very hardy and desirable.

These B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant,

## Hedera helix conglomerata (Bunchleaf English Ivy)

Low growing. Leaves crowded, contorted and small, giving a pleasing massed effect, as the plant lies flat upon the ground. Foliage deep dense green. An interesting plant, which attracts much attention and one which makes a dense, compact ground cover. Very hardy.

6-12	inches on	ice	transplanted		*******		10	80
6-10	inches tw	vice	transplanted		*******	*******	11	******
8-12	inches tw	ice	transplanted	B&B	.50	5.40	49	******
12-15	,	'	······································	B&B	.60	5.40	49	******

These B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant.

## Hemlock—See Tsuga

Holly—See Ilex

Hollygrape—See Mahonia

Huckleberry—See Vaccinium

Hypericum patulum henryi (Henry St. John	nswort)				
An erect evergreen, 5 to 6 feet tall. Has	large folia	ge and is	covered	in sum-	
mer with large bright yellow flowers. N forms. Rapid growing.	lative of C	Each	argier th	an most 100	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted		\$	\$	\$ 8	\$ 64
12-18			*******	10 12	80
18-24 inches twice transplanted	B&B	.60	5.40		•••••
ILEX (HC	LLIES)				
Ilex aquifolium (French Type of English Ho	ll <sub>y</sub> )				
An evergreen holly of thrifty growth. leaves and bears bright red berries of la best hollies, and a holly which one would holly thrives or is desired. Very valual commercial use where the foliage and bother decorations. The best commercial and heavy berries. Self fertile.	Full branch large size in make no i ble both fo perries are strain havi	n abunda mistake i or ornam wanted	nce. One n planting entation for Chris	e of the g where and for tmas or	
12-15 inches twice transplanted	B&B	.90 1.00	8.10 9.00	73 81	
18-24""		1.25	11.20	101	*******
llex aquifolium pyramidalis (Pyramid Holly)					
foliage. A most prolific berry bearer, the solid mass along the stems. Furthermore trees often being laden with fruit, and in early age, meets a long felt need, where so purposes. It is possibly the best holly for 12-15 inches twice transplanted	e this tree this chara mall trees r landscape B&B	is an ea ecteristic are desir	rly beare of fruitin ed for de	r, small g at an corative	*******
15-18""""	B&B B&B	1.00 1.25	$9.00 \\ 11.20$	81 101	******
llex crenata (Oriental Holly)					
Small, smooth, dark green leaves, resemb branched shrub of irregular growth, 5 to Fine hedge subject. Evergreen native of	o 6 feet tal	l. Usef	ick berrie ul for its	s, much foliage.	
6-10 inches twice transplanted 10-12""	B&B	.40 .50	3.60 4.50	32	
These grades can be handled bare roots. If				er plant.	
llex pernyi (Perny Holly)				•	
Semi-dwarf, heavily foliaged, broad le prickly. Bears red berries in profusion.	Hardy.	green. Native o	Leaves a	re very China.	
12-15 inches twice transplanted 15-18""	B&B B&B	.90 1.00	$8.10 \\ 9.00$	73 81	
18-24""	B&B	1.25	11.20	101	
Ivy—See Hedera					
JUNIPERUS (	JUNIPER:	S)			
Juniperus chinensis armstrongi (Armstrong'	s Spreadi	na Juni	per)		
Produces a dense mass of soft gray-green spreading. Hardy, vigorous grower.	foliage 2 t			broadly	
6-12 inches once transplanted 12-15""	***************************************		*******	11 18	88 144

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper)			
This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terra ing. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vig thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate. I foliage, which with a little pruning forms a dense mass. reaching in older trees a diameter of 20 to 25 feet. Prol versal favorite of all junipers of its type.	growth and gorous grow t has a find Broadly spin pably the me	greater er and e green eading,	1000
6-12 inches once transplanted\$	\$	\$ 11	1000 \$ 88
12-18"" 18-24""		15	120
		18	144
The above plants are fine strong liners.			
Juniperus contorta			
A creeping juniper of very decided merit. Foliage bears a both Koster Red Cedar and Tamarix Savin Juniper. H 2 feet. A strong, vigorous plant and a medium rapid grow low spreading branches are densely clad with pleasing that will give certain satisfaction where a prostrate type is	eight not ex ver. The nate foliage. A desired.	ceeding umerous Juniper	
12-18 inches once transplanted—cutbacks	0	15	*******
This B&B grade is composed of fine extra heavy specimens.			
Juniperus communis hibernica fastigiata (Narrow Irish Jun	ninerl		
A form very superior to the common Irish Juniper.		a dense	
narrow column without pruning. A healthy, vigorous g best of tall slender evergreens.			
2- 3 feet twice transplantedB&B 1.2	5 11.20	101	
Juniperus horizontalis (Bar Harbor Blue Creeping Juniper	·)		
Procumbent, with trailing, spreading branches well filled ing a compact mat in mature plants. Foliage is charming round, almost cypress-like in texture somewhat resembly Juniper. Native Nova Scotia to British Columbia and Very Hardy. Valuable as a ground cover in exposed situand rocky soil, combining as it does delightful qualities of of growth and hardiness.	g steel-blue ling the W south to Ne ations and i	the year aukegan w York. in sandy	
4- 6 inches once transplanted		9	
6-12"" 12-18""		11 15	
		13	
Juniperus horizontalis (Bar Harbor Green Creeping Junip This is a lovely green form of the above. During the foliage turns to a rich bronze.	•	nths the	
18-24 inches twice transplantedB&B 1.2	5 11.20	101	
Juniperus horizontalis douglasi (Waukegan Juniper)  A chief point of merit of this creeper is the color, a delic mer season changing to a pleasing purplish tint in the fal 12-18 inches once transplanted	ate blue in a	the sum- r. 15	120
·	•••	13	120
Juniperus horizontalis glauca (Blue Creeping Juniper)  The blue creeping junipers are always attractive on terrover-hanging walls and the like where they can be used in its class. Foliage is bright steel blue, with a soft, velve growth that is appealing. Wide spreading, low growing blue mat. It is perfectly hardy.  12-18 inches spread twice transplanted	This one is tety flush in ng, forming	well up the new a dense	
12-18 inches spread twice transplantedB&B 1.0	7.00	81	*********

			J		
Juniperus scopulorum (Rocky Mountain Jun	iper)				
The well known and justly popular Wes		iper. A	very har	dv tree.	
with a range from British Columbia to	Colorado	in the F	Rocky Mo	untains.	
Thrives in hot and dry sections. Grows	into bea	utiful sp	ecimen tr	ees and	
with a little shearing, forms a hedge of sp	plendid et	ffect.			
		Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inches not transplanted			\$	\$ 6	\$ 48
6-12""		*******	*****	8	64
Juniperus squamata meyeri (Meyer Juniper)	1				
A juniper of marked individuality. Has a		avv grow	th. which	shapes	
up in plume-like branches of erect irregula					
cinating, deep blue color and different fro	om most j	plants. F	`orms a h	armony	
with other evergreen shades and colors that	at cannot	be surpas	ssed. Int	roduced	
from China. Hardy.					
12-15 inches twice transplanted	B&B	1.10	9.90	89	
15-18"""	B&B	1.35	12.20	109	
18-24"""	B&B	1.60	14.40	130	*******
Juniperus virginiana (Redcedar)					
	1 . 701		1		
Native extending over an area from Cana	da to Flor	rida. Foi	nage dens	se green	
in spring, darkening to a rich bronze in v of great hardiness. Does well in poor soil	winter. E	1 compac	t, pyrami	dai tree	
				,	4.0
4- 8 inches not transplanted			•••••	6	48
8-12" "" 12-18"".				7	56 72
15-18 inches twice transplanted	D f. D	7 -	( 90	9 61	
18-24""	D&D	.75	$6.80 \\ 9.00$	81	*******
24.20 " " "	R&B	$\frac{1.00}{1.25}$	11.20	101	
24-30" "" 30-36" ""	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	
<b>30</b> 30		1.50	23,30		********
Juniperus virginiana kosteri (Koster Redced	arl				
A creeping juniper with soft green and		dones f	liage I	Corme a	
full, perfect mound 2 to 3 feet high and w	ide enres	ding Ve	mage. I	orower	
Very hardy. The most perfectly shaped so					
and one of the most attractive. Grows into	o remarka	ably fine	specimen	nlants.	
8-12 inches once transplanted—cutbacks				12	96
12-18"""	************		*******	18	144
A		*******	********	10	111
Juniperus virginiana tripartita (Fountain Jun	ninerl				
	. ,				
The name describes fairly well the form o	r growth,	it being	semi-upri	ight but	
spreading. It is thickly branched and has the year round. It is hardy, a strong gro	s dense to	mage or	good gree	en color	
the upright and prostrate forms of dwarf e			a prace	between	
	0				
18-24 inches spread twice transplanted	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	*******
24-30""	B&B	1.75	15.80	142	******
Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel)					
Native of the Appalachian mountains.	Grows int	o a comp	act, symi	netrical	
shrub, densely covered with foliage. Les	aves med	ium size.	glossy a	ind un-	
changing throughout the year. When in	bloom the	plants a	ire literal	ly bou-	
quets of lovely, cup-shaped flowers, ranging	ng from a	almost wl	nite to de	ep pink	
in color on individual specimens. Effec			mass pl	antings.	
Height 3 feet or more. Very hardy and ve	,	ole.			
4- 6 inches once transplanted			******	10	80
6-12""		******		13	104
12-15""	***********			18	144

#### Kalmia polifolia (Bog Kalmia) (Dwarf Mountain Laurel)

Dense, rich, glossy foliage. Small leaves. Grows to 18 inches. Very hardy. This is one of the finest dwarf evergreens. It blossoms very early in the spring and is a mass of tiny, nodding, bell-shaped, pink flowers. Native of the high Cascades where it sometimes borders mountain lakes. Very rare.

#### Kinnikinnick—See Arctostaphylos

#### Laurel—See Kalmia, Aucuba, Laurocerasus

## Laurocerasus Iusitanica (Portuguese Laurel)

A native of Spain and Portugal, Lusitania being the ancient name of the region almost coincident with Portugal. Grows into a tree in the land of its nativity, but farther north reaches the proportions of a fine shrub. Unexcelled among broad leaved evergreens for hedges. The older plants are magnificent when covered with a mass of spikes, 6 inches long, of white, fragrant blossoms in the spring. Dark green, glossy foliage, large leaves. A hardy strong growing plant which stands shearing well. A beautiful shrub especially when planted with other evergreens.

6-12	inches	once	transp	olanted				9	
12-15	inches	three	times	transplanted	B&B	.50	4.50	41	
15-18	'	"	"	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	B&B	.60	5.40	49	
18-24	,	,,	,,,	, ,,	B&B	.80	7.20	65	
24-30	,	"	"	,,,	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	
30-36	inches	four	times	transplanted	B&B	2.00	18.00		
3- 4	feet fo	ur tin	nes tra	nsplanted	B&B	2.50	22.50		

The last two grades are fine extra heavy specimens.

## Laurocerasus officinalis (English Laurel)

This well known plant is a native of southeastern Europe to northern Persia. It is one of the most popular hardy evergreens in Europe. It has broad, glossy leaves of charming freshness and is a strong vigorous and rapid grower. Fine for hedging, and gives quick results and satisfaction in either hedges or planted singly. Large growing shrub.

12-18	inches	twice	transplanted	BR	specimens	.30	2.70	23	
18-24	''	''	,	.''	,,,	.50	4.50	41	

## Laurocerasus zabeliana (Zabel Laurel)

Grows 6 to 8 feet high, wide spreading and is covered in the spring of the year with large spikes of white scented flowers. Foliage rich, glossy green little affected by cold or dry weather. Hardier than English or Portugal Laurel. Being hardy, semi-dwarf and a good bloomer it meets a need in landscaping and will unquestionably be used a great deal as it becomes better known. Rare.

7	7			transplanted	nches once transplante	4-6 inches
8	8				" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	6- 8''
		9.00	1.00	transplantedB&B	inches twice transplant	18-24 inche
		11.20	1.25	,, B&B	,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	24-30"

## Lavendula officinalis (True Lavender)

Fragrant evergreen subshrub. On account of its pleasant odor it was an ancient garden favorite and frequently used in the bath. Grows naturally on dry, hilly wastes. Flowers blue. Hardy. Height 3 feet. Excellent hedge subject. Foliage grayish green.

18-24 inches twice transplantedB&B .7	/5 E	6.80	51	
---------------------------------------	------	------	----	--

30	SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon	
La	vendula pedunculata	
	A relatively new type of the ancient garden lavender, possessing the usual pleasant odor. Not as tall as officinalis, reaching a height of 2 feet and spread of 3 to 4 feet. The plants grow and do well in dry and hilly or waste places where they soon fully occupy the ground. A plant of unique and interesting appearance, having odd and attractive flower heads, blue to violet or lilac in color, borne on single stalks all summer.  Each 10 100 6-12 inches once transplanted (bushy)	1000 \$ 96
Le	ucothoe catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe)	
	One of the most ornamental of the broad leaved evergreens. Semi-dwarf and hardy. A good under-cover plant or facer for taller shrubs. Makes fine sprays for florists' use. Large, glossy foliage, turning to gorgeous shades of red and bronze in the fall and winter. White flowers produced in clusters in the early spring. Erect, but with tips of branches drooping.	
	6-12 inches once transplanted	64
	12-18"" 12 18-24""	96 120
	18-24"" 15 18-24 inches twice transplanted	120
l ik	bocedrus decurrens (Western Incense Cedar)	
	A shapely pyramid in form, with fine, fan-like foliage, that is dense, and a beautiful glossy green. The foliage is also delightfully fragrant. The bark is bright cinnamon-red. Incense Cedar is native Oregon to California and western Nevada. Flourishes on the cold eastern slopes of the Cascade mountains and in dry, rocky soil. A tall growing tree. As an ornamental, they are grown chiefly for their handsome, fragrant evergreen foliage and charming habit of growth. The perfect symmetry of growth from the ground to tip of the tree is a characteristic that places decurrens almost in a class by itself, the only other conifer that is comparable being Sequoia gigantea.  2- 3 feet three times transplanted	
	3- 4	
	4-5	*******
Lig	gustrum lucidum (Glossy Privet)	
	Native of China. Thick, glossy evergreen leaves. Somewhat larger growing than japonicum. A good filler and hardy hedge subject.	
	12-18 inches twice transplanted BR specimens	
	2- 3 feet twice transplanted BR specimens	******
Lig	gustrum ovalifolium variegatum (Golden California Privet) Bright golden foliage throughout the year. Upright, compact habit. Very popular. Semi-evergreen. Hardy.	
	6-12 inches once transplanted	72
Lit	thocarpus densiflora (Tan Oak)	
	An evergreen oak, native of southern Oregon, and the only representative of the genus in America. Foliage is very dense with leaves which are green above, rusty underneath and silvery at the tips of branches, producing a russet effect of pleasing beauty. Limbs are long, curving and picturesque. Has a large, rounded top which is as wide as it is tall. Bark has been used for tanning. The great value of the tree is for ornamental use, combining as it does, qualities of stability and beauty in a striking manner. It is in every way a noble tree. Height 70 to 100 feet.	
	12-15 inches twice transplanted	
	18-24"	

72

#### Mahonia aquifolium (Oregon Grape)

An ornate little evergreen shrub, native of Oregon, where it is much loved and enjoyed. Leaves are holly like and bright green. Has long clusters of bright golden yellow flowers in the spring, followed by bunches of bright blue, grape-like berries, which are sometimes used for jelly making. Attractive in foliage, flower and fruit. Also fine for interior decorative purposes. Some leaves take on autumn tints of crimson, deep red, bronze and gold. The shrub is at its best in group plantings. One of the hardiest of the broadleaved evergreens. Each 100 1000 \$..... \$....

4- 6 inches once transplanted..... 6-12 ...."....."......".....

Manzanita—See Arctostaphylos

#### Mountain Laurel—See Kalmia

#### Myrtle—See Vinca

#### Nandina domestica (Nandina)

A native of the Orient. Characterized by delicate foliage, the long slender leaves being frond-like. It bears large clusters of bright red berries which at times almost cover the tops of the plant. Some of the leaves turn in autumn to attractive shades of red, bronze and scarlet, and some remain green. Height 4 to 5 feet. Good for specimen or mass plantings. One of the finest hardy evergreens grown.

6-12 inches once transplanted		*******	10	80
12-18""		*******	15	120
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B	.45	4.10	36	*******
15-18"	.60	5.40	49	*******
18-24"	.75	6.80	61	*******
24-30"	.90	8.10	73	******

## Oak—See Lithocarpus

## Oregon Grape—See Mahonia

#### Periwinkle—See Vinca

## Pernettya mucronata rosea (Pink Chilean Pernettya)

Also known as South American Huckleberry. Neat evergreen foliage, white flowers, rose red berries in profusion. The shrub reaches a height of 2 feet and a spread of 3 or 4 feet. Native from Mexico to southern South America. Hardy in sheltered positions as far north as New York. An old and almost forgotten garden favorite, but one which is rapidly and deservedly again coming into popular favor.

6-12 inches once transplanted			9	72
12-18""			-12	96
12-15 inches twice transplantedB&B	.60	5.40	49	******
15-18"	.75	6.80	61	
18-24"B&B	.90	8.10	73	

## Photinia serrulata (Chinese Photinia)

Native of China. A hardy, rapid growing evergreen with large, dark green, glossy leaves having serrated edges. Without doubt one of the most desirable of all broad leaved shrubs. The tips of the new foliage in spring and summer are fiery red simulating blossoms in appearance when seen at a distance. Its shades of red and crimson are unsurpassed by any evergreen. Medium sized plant which responds well to pruning. Very popular.

12-15	inches twice	transplanted	B&B	.60	5,40	49	
15-18	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	j)	B&B	.75	6.80	61	
18-24	" "	,,	B&B	.90	8.10		

## PICEA (SPRUCES)

PICEA (SPRUCES)				
Picea engelmanni (Engelmann Spruce)  A large growing tree, having slender, spreading dense, narrow pyramid. Has bluish green to steel-mental. Native of the Cascade and Rocky mountain	blue folia			1000
4- 6 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 48
6-12""	Ψ		10	80
Picea excelsa (Norway Spruce) One of the best known and one of the hardiest of concerning the Europe. Conical in form of growth and with deep in rather sterile soil and defies the blast in cold, growing, the name excels	green fo exposed s able for erved est	liage. Do ituations. windbrea	es well Rapid ks and	
6-12 inches once transplanted			9	72
12-18""		*******	14	112
Picea glauca albertiana (Alberta White Spruce) Splendid geographical variety of white spruce from hardy tree, narrow pyramidal habit, thick, dense thick needles well crowded together.  4- 6 inches once transplanted	foliage, a			48
6-12"""			10	80
Picea orientalis (Oriental Spruce)  Resembles Norway Spruce but much more slender a of outstandingly neat and tidy appearance. Clad branches and foliage. Fits into plantings where speral effect of mature trees is one of perfection. Nathe Caucasus.	well to	the groun	d with he gen-	
4- 6 inches once transplanted			6	******
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)			6	40° 040 18
-	r effect ra	anges from	n green netrical	
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ra	anges from	n green netrical	48
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy trees.	anges fron e of symr Flourishes	n green netrical s under	48 64
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy trees.	anges from e of symr Flourishes	n green netrical s under	
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy treaspruces.	anges from e of symr Flourishes	n green netrical s under 6 8 10 7	64 80 56
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy trees,	anges from e of symr Flourishes	n green metrical s under 6 8 10 7 10	64 80 56 80
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy treaspruces.	anges from	n green metrical s under 6 8 10 7 10	64 80 56
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy trees	anges from	n green netrical s under 6 8 10 7 10 15 20	64 80 56 80
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy treesspruces.	anges from	n green netrical s under 6 8 10 7 10 15 20 49	64 80 56 80 120
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy trees	anges from	n green netrical s under 6 8 10 7 10 15 20	64 80 56 80 120
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy treesspruces.	anges from	n green netrical s under 6 8 10 7 10 15 20 49	64 80 56 80 120
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy treespruces.	anges from e of symr Flourishes  5.40 6.80  universall ng lustrom tree of to sizable e, and one est when uses when uses	n green netrical s under  6 8 10 7 10 15 20 49 61  y loved us blue shapely trees it e of the used for	64 80 56 80 120
Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)  Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The colo to silvery blue. A very handsome and a very habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the adverse conditions.  4- 6 inches not transplanted	r effect ranardy treespruces.	anges from e of symr Flourishes  5.40 6.80  universall ng lustrom tree of co sizable e, and onest when upport its	n green netrical s under  6 8 10 7 10 15 20 49 61  y loved us blue shapely trees it e of the used for	64 80 56 80 120

SHERWOOD NURSERY	CO., Porti	ana, Ore	gon		33
Pieris japonica (Oriental Pieris)					
A shrub of oriental origin, growing to a deep green foliage. In early spring it is large clusters and masses of white droopi times appear before the last late flurries foliage is tinged with pink. One of the landscaping purposes. Hardy.  12-15 inches twice transplanted	crowned ing bell-shass of snow very best of snow wery best of snow wery best of the best o	n a magr aped flov have ge	oificent w vers whic one. The	ay with h some- e young ntals for 100 \$ 49 73	1000
10-27	В«В	1,43	11.20	******	*******
PINUS (P	INES)				
Pinus attenuata (Knobcone Pine) Commonly grows to a height of 20 feet. midal form. Cones usually appear in clu- 2- 3 feet not transplanted	sters.		branches.	Pyra-	<b>९</b> 0
	••••••		******	11)	3.1
Pinus echinata (Shortleaf Pine)  Grows to a height of 100 feet or more, and A handsome tree with dark bluish green f  18-24 inches not transplanted	oliage and	l broad h	York to	Florida 10	80
Pinus edulis (Nut or Pinyon Pine)  This tree produces the edible nut of comm of food among the Indians of the southwes ico to Texas. Hardy as far north as Massbushy in the young trees and having round The young growth is intensely blue.	t. Native sachusetts. led top in o	Colorado A smal	and New l tree 10-	w Mex- 20 feet,	
6-12 inches not transplanted				8	64
12-15"""			********	10 9	80
12-18" "" 18-24" ""			******	12	
18-24""			******	15	*******
Pinus flexilis (Limber Pine)  Height 50 to 90 feet. The horizontal brar open pyramid. Leaves are dark green.  6-12 inches not transplanted			d form a	narrow 8 10	6 <del>1</del> 80
Pinus mughus compacta (Mugho Pine)					
A dense, stout dwarf evergreen, of unque the high mountains of central Europe it h are that are storm swept for centuries al mountains, and only the hardiest and fit Mugho Pine, without a peer as a dwarf reach a height of 4 to 5 feet but having a snumerous branches and can be kept sheat dense, compact and deep green summer from selected seed of the best type and are	as been dy ong bleak ttest survi mountain spread of 6 red to sm: and winte	varfed as coast linve. Such evergree to 8 fee all size in the contract of the	s trees frees or in h is the n. Matut. It growf desired trees are	rugged selected re trees ws with . Very	
4- 6 inches once transplanted				7	
6- 8 inches twice transplanted	B&B	.45 .60	4.10 5.40	36 49	******
8-10"	B&B	.75	6.80	61	*******
12-15"	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	
15-18""	B&B	1.15	10.00	93	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
All of these B&B grades are fine extra heavy grades can be handled bare roots. If so order				8 and 8-1 lant. Th	

grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant. Thousand rates quoted on request.

34	SHERWOOD NURSE	XI CO., Forti	ana, Ore	gon		
	pumila (Oriental Stone Pine) Dwarf pine as the name pumila indifoliage, which appears in dense cluste soft in texture and of delicate fresh bappealing features may be summed up Native of Siberia.	ers, clothes the cluish green the in three word	tree winroughouds—rare,	ith many t the seas hardy, b	needles, son. Its	1000
18	-24 inches three times transplanted	B&B	\$1.00	\$ 9.00	\$	\$
15 18 2	sylvestris (Scotch Pine)  Native from Europe to western and spreading tree with rounded top. To color and 1½ to 3 inches in length. It wide, open places with room for develoge 18 inches twice transplanted	he leaves are Reaches a heig pmentB&BB&B	twisted,	bluish g	reen in Needs	
	A medium sized conifer, native of clothes even the stems and branches. brilliant green, soft to the touch and distinctive and decidedly pleasing sha questionably the finest of any conifer t is just right. It could hardly be surpaings. Hardy into New England in hedge subject.	Needles 2 to of soft, silky de of green, a hat we are gressed for large sheltered loc	4 inches luster. and is in owing. banks a	long, cha The folia this resp Its genera nd hillsid	rmingly age is a bect un- al effect e plant-	
15	-18"""	B&B	.60	5.40	49	
18	-24""	B&B	.75 1.10	$6.80 \\ 9.90$	61 89	
	t—See Ligustrum	Вав	1.10	7.70	87	*******
_	One of the conifers of great commerci. British Columbia to Mexico and eastw a height of 200 feet or more, being an a diameter of 12 feet. Good dark green silver-gray strain, considered the best f tree, and while it reaches great size a mental values when introduced into lathe younger trees and groups of trees form and coloring.	ard to Montan nong the talled of foliage. We or ornamental nd height it andscaping pla	na and C st trees i are offer l purpose also poss ans. In	Colorado.  In the working the Colors. A truly desses greater its native	Reaches and colorado stately at orna-	
	-18 inches once transplanted			******	12	96
18	-24"				16	128
	PYRACANTH/	4 (FIRETHO	RNS)			
	cantha crenata serrata (Chinese Fire One of the introductions from China markable appeal. It grows 8 to 10 fe Has very fine large glossy foliage an An unusually fine subject for plantin Very hardy.	. A dense, set high and sed coral red b	preads the	he same of heavy of masses or	listance. orvmbs.	
18	-24 inches twice transplanted	B&B	.75 1.00	6.80 9.00	61 81	*******
3	- 4 '''' ''	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	
4	- 5	B&B	2.00	18.00	162	
5 T1	- 6	B&B	2.75	24.80	223	*******
	ness hast times grades are time tatta fied	, specimens.				

#### Pyracantha graberi

The firethorns are famous berry bearers and in this respect have made a rich contribution to home and other beautification. The numerous varieties are nearly all good but graberi may be regarded as the best. It is the most beautiful berry bearer of them all, producing huge clusters of brilliant red berries in wonderful profusion. Furthermore it has full, fine foliage, and it may be trained into either bush or upright form. It is free from disease. Briefly, it is the greatest berry bearer and has the choicest foliage of the firethorns.

#### Pyracantha kansuensis (Kansu Firethorn)

Handsome evergreen firethorn with an upright and slightly spreading habit of growth. Leaves small, dark green, thickly clothing the branches. Red berries. Hardy, Smaller growing than lalandi.

berries many, communes growing than s	uiuiiuii				
18-24 inches twice transplanted	B&B	.75	6.80	61	
2- 3 feet three times transplanted	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	******
3- 4	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	
4- 5	B&B	2.00	18.00		

These last two grades are fine extra heavy specimens.

## Pyracantha (Species from Turkey)

A thickly branched firethorn with gray-green leaves and red berries. Upright form of medium height. Hardy.

15-18 inches twice transplantedB&B	.65	5.90	53	
18-24"	.75	6.80	61	
2- 3 feet three times transplantedB&B	1.00	9.00	81	

#### Redcedar—See Juniperus

Redwood—See Sequoia

Retinospora—See Thuja and Chamaecyparis

Rockrose—See Cistus

Rockspray—See Cotoneaster

## Rosmarinus officinalis (Rosemary)

An evergreen common on the chalk hills of southern France. Has decidedly aromatic leaves of grayish or dusty appearance and small light blue flowers much sought by the bees. Fall bloomer. Oil of Rosemary is distilled from the leaves. A fine evergreen, good in dry and rocky or almost any situation. A most excellent hardy hedge plant. Height 2 to 4 feet.

10-12 inches twic	e transplanted	B&B	.30	2.70	 
12-15""	······································	B&B	.40	3.60	 
15-18""		B&B	.50	4.50	 

Sequoia gigantea (Giant Sequoia)

A conifer of majestic bearing. Large, fine foliage. Rears itself to a great height, tapering to a perfect, pointed spire, and has a sturdy, substantial trunk. A rapid grower, and a tree which gives dignity to grounds that are large and ample. Has no parallel in its class.

#### Skimmia japonica (Oriental Skimmia)

Densely branched, low growing shrub, reaching a height and spread of 3 feet. Valued for its broad lustrous foliage and brilliant red fruit which is often carried throughout the winter. Desirable for potting and for Christmas use. Likes partly shaded situations best and is fine for borders. It is unisexual and it will be necessary to plant male plants with the female ones to secure well fruited shrubs.

(Female)	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 7	\$
6-12""			10	

## Spartium junceum (Weavers Broom) (Spanish Broom)

Upright shrub growing to a height of 10 feet or more. Has slender, rush-like branches which are almost leafless and bluish-green in color. The fragrant bright yellow flowers are borne in large terminal racemes. It blooms most of the year in warm localities. Showy. Hardy as far north as Philadelphia. Grows in almost any kind of well drained soil, and is well suited for planting in exposed, sandy or dry situations.

12-24 inches not transplanted			8	64
2- 3 feet twice transplantedB&B	.50	4.50	41	•
3- 4"B&B	.65	5.90	53	

The above B&B grades can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per plant,

#### Spruce—See Picea

Squaw Grass—See Xerophyllum

St. Johnswort—See Hypericum

## TAXUS (YEWS)

## Taxus baccata (English Yew)

This is the old favorite of English gardens. Native of Europe and north Africa to the Himalayas. Deep green, rapid growing in good soil, very dense. Will do quite well in poor soil and in dry situations. One of the best of all hedge plants, as it will stand any amount of pruning. Thrives in either sun or shade. The English Yew has this great advantage in hedges, in common with all the yews, the trees make uniform growth all along the line regardless of sun or shade. Hardy evergreen.

## Taxus baccata aurea (Golden English Yew)

A rare plant and one of the most handsome of all yews. Foliage bright golden, diminishing in color late in the season. Hardy, slow growing, globe shaped, compact. Seldom reaches a height of more than 5 or 6 feet.

15-18	inches	three	times	transplanted	B&B	1.50	13.50	122	
18-24	***************************************	,,,	''	,	B&B	2.00	18.00	162	

96

Taxus baccata fastigiata (Irish Yew)	
The well known slender growing yew, so frequently used by discriminat architects where choice, narrow landscaping effects are sought. When plan against pillars and columns or in similar situations, it gives an air of perfectly culture and refinement. The tree is shapely in form, and the foliage is redark green and dense. The name, baccata fastigiata, (berry-bearing and cumnar) is an exact description. The large bright red berries, profusely in mingled with the foliage in the fall, enhance the beauty of the tree to marked degree. Rather slow growing, but long lived and substantial, adds tone and dignity to homes, parks, public buildings and all other plaings where it is used.  Each 10 1  4- 5 feet four times transplanted	ted fect ich col- cer- o a It nt- 00 1000
The above two grades are composed of fine extra heavy specimens.	***************************************
Taxus baccata repandens (Spreading English Yew)	
Similar to the Prostrate English Yew, but of deeper, darker foliage, a flatter and more spreading in habit of growth. A plant 6 feet across wo be only about 2 feet tall. A rare and desirable plant.	ınd uld
	·····
40.04 U U U U U DAD 4 (# 44.00	
Teucrium chamaedrys (Chamaedrys Germander)	
A beautiful evergreen rock plant somewhat resembling heather. It reac a height of about 1 foot with a spread of 3 feet, and is a bouquet of r blooms in midsummer. Extremely hardy, holding its bright, glossy green co in the coldest weather. Has a fragrant foliage, and will add beauty whever low blossoming plants are desired. Drought resistant, and takes the plof heather in hot dry sections. Good results can be obtained only by shear immediately after blooming.	osy olor er- ace ing
6-12 inches once transplanted	8 64
Teucrium chamaedrys prostratum (Dwarf Germander)  A low growing form spreading into a dense mat 6 inches high. Foliage degreen, flowers lavender. Rapid growing, desirable ground cover.  6-10 inches once transplanted	ark 8 64
THUJA (ARBORVITAES)	
Thuja occidentalis (American Arborvitae)	
Native New Brunswick and Manitoba to North Carolina and Illinois. old, standard favorite. Grows in compact form, narrow pyramid in sha and attaining a height of 60 feet. Withstands low degrees of temperatumakes fine low hedges or taller wind breaks. A tree that has always be justly esteemed.	ipe ire,
6-12 inches not transplanted	7 56
12-18""	11 88 13
6-10 inches once transplanted	8 64
Thuja occidentalis nana (Little Globe Arborvitae)	
A dwarf of regular form. Foliage upright and grows in thick, heavy lay appearing to be packed together, and of good bright green color. Low greing, a mature tree reaching a height of 2 feet and spread of 3 feet, and penting an aged appearance. Desirable wherever dwarfs are needed.	ore-
8-10 inch spread twice transplantedB&B .50 4.50	41
The above B&B grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cent	

38	SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Portland, Oregon	
	A most desirable arborvitae of narrow columnar growth, dense and compact without trimming. Very hardy and a favorite in almost any planting. Planted in groups it produces a most impressive alpine effect. In situations where effective hedges are desired requiring but little space, Pyramidal Arborvitae has no counterpart. The hedge becomes a solid wall of green from 4 to 20 feet in height and occupies no more than 2 feet in width. For hedges, trees should be planted one and one-half feet apart. No pruning is needed other than topping. A Pyramidal Arborvitae hedge requires scarcely any care.  Each 10 100	1000
	2- 3 feet three times transplanted	\$
Γ	The 2-3 foot grade can be handled bare roots. If so ordered deduct 10 cents per pl	ant.
Thui	a occidentalis woodwardi (Woodward Arborvitae)	
,	A dwarf, compact tree, assuming the globe form. Admirably fitted to low plantings, or for shaping taller plantings to the ground. Almost perfectly symmetrical and if at all favorably planted will take good care of itself, and because of its pleasing form and foliage and easy growing qualities will always be in demand.	
1 1 1	2-15 inches three times transplanted.       B&B       .75       6.80       61         5-18	
Thuj	ia orientalis aurea nana (Berckmans Golden Arborvitae)	
	Doubtless the most popular dwarf, golden arborvitae known. Almost globe shaped, very compact, foliage vertical and bright gold. Very formal in appearance. Being a universal favorite and hardy, there are few plantings in which it cannot be used to advantage. It always adds tone and color. Height 4 to 5 feet.	
1	0-12 inches three times transplanted	
1	2-13	
Thu	ja orientalis beverlyensis (Beverly Hills Arborvitae)	
	A rapid growing, oriental arborvitae. Foliage good, bright golden color the year round. The tree is usually laden with clusters of small green cones in the fall which enhance its ornamental value. A little pruning keeps it compact and when shaped into a tall stately spire it just fits some landscaping schemes. It is at its best when used as a specimen tree.	
	6-12 inches once transplanted	
Thui	ja orientalis decussata (Blue Dwarf Arborvitae)	
	A blue-green arborvitae, having a soft, dense, feathery foliage. Pyramidal in form and adds effective variety in tree grouping.	
2	24-30 inches three times transplantedB&B 1.25 11.20	•

## Thuja plicata (Giant Arborvitae)

A native of the northwest, quite generally distributed along the Pacific Coast from Oregon northward and to the westward slopes of the Cascade mountains. The trees are thickly limbed well to the ground except in dense woods, and the foliage is fresh and attractive at all seasons. It is a rapid grower under favorable conditions and grows into a symmetrical pyramid with little or no pruning.

2- 3	feet	three	times	transplanted	B&B	1.00	9.00		
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Thymus serphyllum coccineus (Crimson Thyme)	
Dense evergreen carpet, completely covered in spring with crimson magenta flowers, making a solid dazzling mat of royal purple. A marvelous plant. The best of the thymes. For lawn purposes plants should be set about 12 inches apart. One square foot of this sod may be divided into approximately	
Per square foot Each 10 100	1000 50 cents
Thymus vulgaris (Common Thyme)  Small, fragrant, evergreen plant, having a spread of 2 to 3 feet. Leaves are small, and the foliage is so dense that the plants appear as masses of dark green foliage. The flowers are light lavender and grow on numerous spikes 3 to 6 inches in height. An excellent plant for garden borders and rockeries. Grows into a nice, shapely plant in a season or two, and releases its spicy fragrance with the slightest disturbance.  6-12 inches twice transplanted	\$
φ φ φ	ψ
Tsuga canadensis (Canada Hemlock)	
Native New Brunswick, Wisconsin and south to Alabama. A well known conifer of graceful, pleasing habit of growth, and regarded by some land-scape architects as one of the best of conifers. Perfectly hardy, withstanding low temperature without injury to tree or foliage. Foliage is heavy and attractive, needles are short. Is naturally broadly pyramidal in form but can be grown to a rounded head, and lends itself well to pruning into hedges.	
6-12 inches once transplanted BR hedging 35 3.20 27	64
Vaccinium ovatum (Evergreen Huckleberry)  First discovered by the Lewis and Clark expedition at the mouth of the Columbia river in 1805. One of the great beauties of the plant is the thick, waxy leaves, of blended shades of green in spring and summer, and changing to a mixture of deep crimson and bronze in fall and winter. Its winter and spring colors utterly defy description. It is a rounded plant, many branched and of unusual density. Strong, vigorous grower, and stands unlimited shearing. Can be sheared into a hedge from 1 to 5 feet tall. Does well in either sun or shade, but is at its best in partly shaded exposures. A hardy evergreen shrub of surpassing merit and a fine hedge plant.	
10-12 inches twice transplanted	
Veronica hectori  A very unusual evergreen with russet green foliage in summer turning to a rich golden color in the winter season. The growth appears in the form of a multitude of symmetrical upright golden spikes, attaining a height of 12 to 15 inches. Makes a fascinating border or low edging plant, and could be used to advantage as a part of almost any low planting. It is a unique type. Hardy. 10-12 inches twice transplanted	·····
Vinca minor (Common Periwinkle)  Also called Blue, Running or Trailing Myrtle. Hardy, evergreen, trailing herb. Native to Europe. Has blue flowers. Well known in country gardens. Makes a complete and refreshing ground cover, and thrives with little or no care.	
1 yr. once transplanted 5	40

## Xerophyllum tenax (Pine Lily, Bear Grass, Squaw Grass, or Indian Basket Grass)

A native of the Cascade and Rocky mountains. Grows into a graceful symmetrical bunch in weeping form and might be described as a low fountain in grass, about 18 inches high and 2 to 3 feet across. Out of the center of this grassy bunch grow the tall stems 3 to 5 feet in height and from 1 to as many as 20 in number, crowned with the long creamy-white lily heads of matchless beauty. The leaves which are grass-like are evergreen, and unusual as it may seem, it is an evergreen belonging to the lily family. Mountain slopes and meadows, clad in fields of these lilies are a thrilling picture, which once seen will never be forgotten. The grass is said to have been used by the squaws in early days in weaving baskets. Perfectly hardy, rather slow growing but long-lived. Should be planted in groups, and in the open where it is partially shaded during the day for best results. Will not bloom well if too shaded. The fine bunches of long, silky grass are very ornamental when the lily is not in bloom. A plant with a future, and rare in American gardens.

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inches once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 7	\$ 56
6-12""			12	96
6-12 inch spread twice transplantedB&B	.45	4.10	36	
12-18 inch spread twice transplantedB&B	.60	5.40	49	
18-24 inch spread twice transplantedB&B	.75	6.80	61	*******

#### Yew-See Taxus

#### SPECIAL LINING OUT COLLECTION OFFERED

We have in our nursery numerous varieties in lining out stock in small lots and odd grades not practical to list separately which we are offering at low prices. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and are all good stock. Both broadleaved evergreens and conifers. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed. The prices are as follows:

Once transplanted	 	8	
Twice transplanted	 	10	•••••

#### SPECIAL B&B COLLECTION OFFERED

We also have odds and ends in B&B stock that we are offering in collections of 10 plants each. These are all good trees and shrubs. All are properly labelled and of excellent value. No order accepted for less than 10 plants of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed.

Collection No.	1	(10	plants)\$	10.00
			plants—smaller size)	

